

Albrighton Primary School & Nursery- EYFS Areas of Play Progression

Sand Play Progression			
Toddler Room	Preschool	Reception	Vocabulary
2-3	3-4		
• Explore both wet sand and dry	• Scoops sand up using	· Selects the most appropriate	Core
sand	scoop/spade.	scoop/spade for digging.	Fill, dig, shape, pour, drop, slide, bury,
 Explores moving sand using 	 Moves sand from A to B using a 	 Digs with control. 	hide, build, push, pat, mix,
spade/scoops.	spade.	 Digs for a desired purpose. 	lift, stamp, break. Wet, dry, soggy.
 Digs using hands. 	 Loses little sand off the spade. 	 Uses a range of 	Warm, cold, soft, hard. Mark, wave, line.
· Lifts sand in hands and places	 Able to dig a hole or space in 	containers/moulds to create	Big, small, heavy, light, long, full, empty,
back down.	sand.	intricate	gone, hide, cover, size,
 Makes impressions using hands, 	 Free play with hands -makes 	sand creations.	more, less.
fingers, knees, arms.	shapes, heaps and tunnels.	 Uses spades/scoops/buckets 	Move
 Fills containers/buckets with 	 Fills moulds and shapes and 	to make sand into desired	
sand.	turns over to make shape.	shapes.	Extended
 Pats down sand to make it 	 Build/mould simple shapes using 	 Build more defined shapes (e.g. 	Sculpt, pattern, print, mould, squeeze,
smooth.	hands (eg,	castle/house) using	scratch, drag, scrape.
 Moulds with hands 	mountain/hill)	hands and tools.	Flatten, level off, pile up, strain, sink,
 Sifts sand through fingers. 	 Enclose / bury. 	 Discuss the effects and 	scoop, smooth out, crumble,
• Explores and observes the way	 Recognises that damp sand 	properties of wet and dry sand	grain, disappear, stir.
sand moves through sieve	holds shape.	Talks about how many scoops of	Damp, soaked, squelchy, solid, level,
-	 Recognises that dry sand falls 	sand or water it would take to	lumpy, crumbly, rough, sharp, spiky,
	freely through	fill a container	smooth, swampy, runny, gooey, sticky,
	fingers/sieve.		slimy, grains, grainy, flat, gritty.

	• Explore the effects of adding water to sand.	Notices numbers in measurements on a cylinder or jug	Bigger, smaller, taller, shorter, wider, longer, thinner, half empty, half full, almost full, nearly full, almost empty, nearly empty, measure, overflow, order, deep, shallow, bucketful, bowlful, spoonful. Excavate, container, mound, collapse, transport
Resources	Resources	Resources	Key Questions for Practitioners
Sand trays of different sizes, sandpit Wet/dry sand Brush, dustpan Large digging tools Buckets, spades, plastic containers with holes, sieves, colanders, containers of different sizes and shapes, sand moulds, ice cube moulds Saucepans Watering can, jug Small world vehicles and toys (diggers, trucks, cars	Funnels, slotted spoons, metal/plastic spoons, measuring spoons, serving spoons, teaspoons, tablespoons, scoops, wooden spoons Rakes, scrapers, pattern makers, paintbrushes, rollers, shape cutters, combs Small world equipment Broom Natural materials (pebbles, sponges, corks, pebbles, pumice stones, shells, wooden discs, pine cones, bark) Water spray bottles Sand wheel Mechanical apparatus to dig	Measuring jugs and cylinders, beakers with wide and narrow openings. Drainpipes, guttering, tubing Potato mashers, whisks Pulley Measuring spoons Balance scales Flag making resources	 How does the sand feel? Which different ways can you use your tools? Can you explain what you are going to make? If you push hard with your tools, what happens? Can you tell me what you discovered? Can you show me how you? Can you tell me about your choice of tool when you were? How could we? Why did that happen? What could we change? How has the sand changed? What is the problem? How could you fix it? I wonder what would happen if What tool would help you? Can you tell me about the marks you have made? Which tool would work best? How could you make it even better? Would it be better if? Can you fill/half fill/empty the bucket? How much water do you need to add?

			 Why does the sandcastle/shape collapse? What do you think will happen if: We pour the sand onto the sand wheel? We pour sand into this tube/funnel/bottle? We add a little/lot of water to the sand?
	Water	Play Progression	
Toddler Room	Preschool	Reception	Vocabulary
2-3	3-4	·	•
Pouring/Emptying	Pouring/Emptying	Pouring/Emptying	Core
 Tips to pour quickly. 	 Pours slowly into an intended 	 Pours a desired amount of 	Fill, pour, tip, pouring, hold.
• Drops objects into the water.	place (e.g. back into the tray or	water into a chosen container.	Drop, drip, splash, spray, bubble,
· Observes as they pour water	in another container as not to	 Pours with increased accuracy. 	bubbly, ice cube, foam, squirt, slip, slide,
from container to container.	lose any.	Filling	stir, mix, squeeze, deep.
 Observes the way water 	Filling	 Fills a container to their 	Catch, collect, wash, clean.
moves.	 Fills containers with increasing 	intended point of fill.	Change, fast, slow, up, down.
Filling	control.	 Starting to read scales when 	Full, empty, gone, more, less, top,
 Fills containers until they 	 Fills containers with a desired 	filling.	bottom.
overflow.	amount.	Transporting/Transferring	Wet, dry, soggy, water, ice, cold, warm.
 Randomly fills different 	Transporting/Transferring	 Spills little or no water when 	Move, waves, river, pond, rain, sea,
containers.	 Carefully carries water from A 	transporting.	puddle.
Transporting/Transferring	to B but spills a little.	 Does not fill the container to 	
· Carries water from A to B but	 Explores using a range of 	the top - shows an awareness of	Extended
spills large amounts of water	resources and techniques to	how much they can carry	Capacity, liquid.
along the way.	transfer	without spilling.	Trickle, gush, flow, sprinkle, damp, soak,
• Explores the way water moves	water (e.g. funnels, pipes).	 Plans and uses the most 	drench, moist, drizzle, seep, whisk, leak,
and is transported.	Stirring/Mixing	effective ways to transport	frothy, melt, melting.
 Tries to catch water as it is 	 Mixes slowly as not to spill. 	water to	Half empty, half full, almost full, nearly
transported.	 Increased control when mixing. 	avoid spillages.	full, almost empty, nearly empty, brim,
Stirring/Mixing	 Mixes with a goal in mind (e.g. 	Stirring/Mixing	level, measure, overflow, shallow.
• Explores the way water moves	can they make more bubbles?)	 Understands what will happen 	Hotter, colder, warmer, cooler.
		to the water when they mix it.	Float, sink, surface, moisture, deeper,

as they mix and stir it. • Spills some water when mixing Resources	Resources	Loses little or no water when mixing Resources	deepest, faster, slower, evaporate, direction, ripple. Reflection, reflect. Canal, channel, stream, drain, flood, meander, ocean, well, fountain, waterfall, iceberg. Waterspout, waterproof. Transparent, clear, see-through Key Questions for Practitioners
Different sized beakers Different sized containers Irregular shaped containers Buckets Water wheel Wooden spoons Transparent plastic bottles (different sizes/same size), with and without holes in different flow and patterns Watering cans	• Different sized containers • Graduated jugs/buckets • Jugs with spouts • Jugs with handles • Pots and pans • Colanders • Kitchen utensils • Natural materials • Funnels • Some transparent containers • Whisks • Sieves • Drainpipes/gutters • Brushes for mark making	• Spoons with slots and holes in • Measuring spoons • Graded set of jugs, measuring cylinders, beakers • Different sized spoons • Piping • Pipettes, basters • Water pump • Materials to explore floating and sinking • Thermostats • Magnets • Guttering stands (to allow water to flow at different levels)	 Tell me what you discovered. Show me how you How could we? Why did that happen? I wonder what would happen if What do you notice when we? Would it be better if? Can you fill/half fill/empty the bucket? How much water do you need to add? How has the ice/water changed? How could we investigate the best material to make Teddy a coat to keep him dry? What can you see in the water? How can we move the water? What would be the best way? Why do you think it flows that way? Which container holds the most? How could we find out? Can you find two containers that hold the same amount of water? How many jugs/cups of water will fill the

	Small	Vorld Progression	 What happens when we place these objects into the water? I think this item will float. What do you think? How could we check? What do you think will happen if: we pour the water onto the water wheel? we pour the water from this container into that one? we put pebbles into this jug of water? we put sponges into the water?
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Toddler Room	Preschool	Reception	Vocabulary
2-3	3-4		
 Imitates sounds (e.g. vehicles and animals) Represents objects as what they are. Represent an environment that they are familiar with. Explains their actions in small world play (e.g. the girl is going on the train) Re-enacts their experiences through a narrative 	 Represents objects as different objects. Explains what they are (e.g this is my car) Talks expressively about the object they have represented as something else Represent/create environments from stories. Uses some story language in their play - familiar lines from stories, familiar story themes. Articulates thoughts and feelings through narrative. 	 Represents a range of resources as chosen objects. Able to find a resource for a given purpose to fit in with their narrative. Create an environment that they have created/imagined. Children design and imagine their own story setting. Uses story language and story features to create a narrative of their own. Uses new vocabulary learned within their narrative. Able to intertwine their own experiences with the 	Core Build, building, make, join, fix, mend, change, together, tall, short, long, wide, deep Pattern, shape, corner, side, wall Push, pull, pick up, carry Travel, road, move, fly, drive, turn Story, retell, first, once upon a time, end Name of settings, e.g. airport, zoo, park, space, farm Inside/outside, light/dark Feelings vocabulary, e.g. happy, sad, angry, worried Directional vocabulary, e.g. in, on, under, up, down, forwards, backwards, behind, high, low Character, people, animal, place, setting, job Extended Pretend, imaginary, adventure, retell, beginning, describe Design, construction, construct, assemble, connect, circuit, mechanic, separate, thread,

Transport journey, manoeuvre, emergency Name of areas, e.g. town, village, hamlet, city, world Compass directions, left, right, besides, between, reverse, underneath, rotate, map, steer, track, route, path, course, footpath, bridleway, runway, plough, sail, float, orbit Language associated with different situations, e.g. sorting out problems, enquiring, complaining Resources Resources Resources Questions for Practitioners · Small and large construction · Junk materials · Open-ended resources, such as · Can you tell me about what you're doing? bricks · Floor mats, large · Boxes, crates, tyres, cable shells, pine cones, twigs, stones, · How shall we set it up/where shall we put...? activity trays, sand trays drums, den-building materials log slices, pebbles, seaweed, · Do you need anything else? · Fabric, hats, material Loose moss, buttons, small pieces of Coloured scarves and fabric · How could we make ? Story books material and lolly sticks · What do you know about...? parts · What might happen next? · Hand, stick and finger puppets · Foliage, artificial flowers · Peg dolls · Small world characters from · Cars and vehicles, such as · Animals organised into animal · What would you like me to do? · I wonder if we could create.... boats, road, train track and road familiar stories, fairy tales, TV groups · Themed small world • Tell me about the parts of a... or films signs · Familiar buildings and places, · Doll's house, doll's house · How could we organise the ...? resources, such as stethoscope, such as a farm, zoo, park and furniture, such as tables, chairs, x-rays, prescription notepads · Could you find a different way to ...? and thermometer · How could we create the ocean? What would we rockets beds, bath or cooker · Threading and posting toys · Photographs, including small · Story cards and images from photos of the children familiar stories Money, tills, · Could you tell me about these characters? Construction sets Pictures of different settings · What is this character doing? Dinosques purses, wallets Small world characters from as stimulation Artificial grass, · Clipboards, pens and paper · Can we draw a map of the forest? familiar story themes, such as lino, tin foil, carpet · Recording devices, such as a · Do you recognise this character? camera or tablet · Do you know the story of ...? pirates, superheroes and · Paper, sticky tape and lolly · Variety of maps and plans for emergency services. sticks for children to make their · What can you tell me about...? · Range of familiar animals, such own stick puppet children to use when · How are your castles the same? How are they as jungle animals, ocean animals, different? constructing arctic animals and pets. • I want to build a theme park. What parts would I · Drawing materials for children

to enhance their play, for

need2

need? What could help me with my ideas?

		example to make flags, create roads and map	 What might happen in the castle? How could you make it even better? What else could you add to that? I can see you are building a bridge. How could you make it strong and secure? What might happen if? What do you think we could call this town? Why? What might the dinosaurs do today? How could we make a rocket for the astronauts?
	Con	struction Area	
Toddler Room	Preschool	Reception	Vocabulary
2-3	3-4		
Creating a structure Uses resources to build towers. Builds vertical models. Spatial Awareness Constructs in a large space with large blocks. Constructs in a small space with small blocks. Constructing with a purpose in mind Has an idea about what they will build before they begin. Selects resources they need as they go	 Creating a structure Uses resources to construct buildings. Positions resources both vertically and horizontally. Spatial Awareness Connects buildings and structures (e.g. putting a road between buildings). Select the appropriate sized blocks/construction resources for their chosen purpose. Select the appropriate sized blocks/construction resources for chosen workspace. 	 Creating a structure Combines resources to create a structure. Builds more elaborate structures. Includes systems (e.g. pathways, roads, bridges etc) and adds detail to structure. Ensures model is stable. Spatial Awareness Build a house/model with different rooms or different parts. Uses smaller blocks/construction tools to create intricate structures. Constructs with a purpose in mind 	Core Build, make, fit, join, fix, mend, turn, spin, move, push, clip, balance Plan, draw, write Tall, short, taller, shorter, big, small, bigger, smaller Wood, metal, plastic, cardboard On top, underneath, next to, beside, inside, outside, behind, in front, between Strong, bendy, hard, soft, thick, thin, clear House, tower, town, shop, building Walls, roof, windows, door, rooms, wheel Round, flat, pointed, corner, curved Circle, square, rectangle, triangle, semicircle Brick, piece Top, bottom, middle

	Understands safety elements (e.g. if tower is taller than	 Change, adapt and modify model to serve a purpose. Combine construction resources to create model. Creates a design before they construct. Chooses appropriate small world resources to enhance construction. 	Extended Fasten, attach, connect Measure, repair, design Stack, collapse, combine, slot, rotate, twist Wide, narrow, wider, narrower, high, low Transparent, flexible, weak, rough, smooth Overhang, supports, stable Temple, church, mosque, landmark, shelter Frame, bridge, arch, system, structure, hinge, handle Cube, cuboid, pyramid, cone Horizontal, vertical
Resources	Resources	Resources	Questions for Practitioners
 Small blocks Large blocks Natural resources, e.g. shells, pebbles, sticks A range of open ended and themed small world resources Photos of different building 	 Small blocks Large Blocks Bamboo stilts and platform Marble run/ guttering Squared paper Fabric Natural resources, e.g. shells, pebbles, sticks Loose parts A range of open ended and themed small world resources Clipboards, plain paper, pencils and other drawing implement 	 Small blocks Nuts and bolts Handles Wheels and axels Knex Squared paper/design sheets Fabric Natural resources, e.g. shells, pebbles, sticks Loose parts Stickle bricks Mobilo A range of open ended and themed small world resources 	What are you building/making? • Can you tell me about what you are making? • Can you draw your idea? • What are you using to make it? • What type of material is it made from? • Why have you built a? • What makes this building a? • Why did you choose to use? • What could this be used for? • How could we change this part? • How did you fit these pieces together? • What could you add to your creation to make it even better? • Can you describe the different parts? • What could you use/try instead? • How could you make it stronger/ taller/wider? • What shape or size piece will fit here?

		 Spanner, screwdriver, hammer (childsafe tools) Rulers, measuring tap 	 Where could we put this piece? What shall we try next? I wonder how we could make a Can you show me how you joined these pieces together? Which method worked best? What else could we try? Can you tell me what you've made? Can you take a photo of your model? How are your models similar/different? Do you want to change anything? Would you do anything differently nexttime? Shall we make a sign for your model to tell other people about what you've made?
	Malleable/ Pla	y Dough Play Progre	ession
Toddler Room	Preschool	Reception	Vocabulary
2-3	3-4		
 Squashes dough with hands and fingers to shape it. Tears dough/clay with fingers. Splits up dough using hands. Uses hands to flatten dough/clay. Uses hands to squash, bend, twist and stretch dough/clay 	 Smooths dough with hands/fingers to shape it. Rolls dough in hands to shape it. Uses cutters to cut out shapes in dough/clay. Uses tools to cut away excess dough. Explores the way tools create different textures. Uses rolling pin to flatten dough/clay with some necessary pressure 	 Uses rolling pin to roll dough/clay flat with pressure. Ensures they have rolled dough to desired size/shape. Chooses tools to create a desired shape, size texture. Uses cutting tools to create a desired shape. Uses cutting tools to cut away any excess dough/clay. 	Core Push, pull, pat, squeeze, press, bend, twist, roll, stretch, squash, flatten, pinch, print, poke, ball, round, fold. Drop, cut, cut out, build, make, mix, shape. Smooth, soft, squishy, warm, cold, hard, shiny, dry. Colour names. Playdough, dough, clay, modelling clay, salt dough. Knife, rolling pin, scissors, board, googly eyes, feathers, sequins, lolly sticks, twigs, beads.

		Uses tools to add detail. Creates more intricate shapes. Able to use tools to manipulate dough/clay to add detail	Big/bigger, small/smaller, long/longer, tall/taller, short/shorter, heavy/heavier, wide/wider, fatter/thinner, flat/flatter. Extended Elastic, springy. Scrape, smear, break apart, sculpt, create, join, shaping. Mould, indent, plait, imprint, spiral, pierce, thread, coil, pound, knead. Lumpy, grainy, crumbly. Flour, water, food colouring, salt, oil,
			cook, cream of tartar, microwave, change, heat
Resources	Resources	Resources	What materials are you using?How did you?
 Playdough, gloop 	• Extruders with patterned ends	 Modelling clay 	• Show me how you
· Muffin tins	· Plastic knives	· Clay and clay tools	What does it feel like?
 Metal trays 	 Metal trays and tins in 	· Clay boards	What are you going to make?
• Cup cases	different sizes	· Water - (to be used to shape	What will you need for?
· Cookie cutters	• Introduce tougher malleable	and mould clay)	· How could we?
 Rolling pins 	materials - e.g. modelling clay.	• Extend decorative materials -	How might you?
 Dough stampers 	 Decorative materials - buttons, 	beads, lollipop	· How will you?
· Bowls and dishes	jewels,	sticks, matchsticks, etc	Why did that happen?
 Materials for creating imprints 	candles.	 Matchsticks, pestle and 	 I wonder what would happen if
(such as sticky	 More intricate cutters and 	mortar, playdough	· What do you notice when we?
bricks, interlocking cubes, small	rolling cutters (such	extruders, wooden or plastic	What tool would help you?
world	as plastic pizza cutters)	combs	Would it be better if?
vehicles, potato masher, pine	textured rolling pins,	 Colanders, icing bag, spatulas, 	What do you think about your?
cones, plastic	stampers, presses, tongs.	sieves, garlic	How could you make it even better?
animals)	 Pipe cleaners, shells, pebbles, 	press, moulds, clay modelling	How has the dough/clay changed?
 Larger loose parts (such as 	play people,	tools	 Tell me about your
googly eyes,			 Can you tell me what you've discovered?

feathers, lolly sticks, twigs, corks, leaves	buttons of varying sizes, pasta, beads, flowers, coins, keys, herbs, jewels, cake decoration	Scales for comparing the weight of different dough balls. Playdough challenge cards, photographs to stimulate ideas (animals, cakes, foods, sculptures)	 How can we create a ball? What would be the best way? What pattern do you think this will make? Why? Can you share the dough between the containers? Can you compare the weight of the dough? How could you do that? Can you tell a friend how you made your model? How can we make our own dough? What do we need? What happens when we cook the mixture? What do you think will happen if: we leave the lid off the dough all night? we add water to the dough? we try to build a tower using the dough
		Artistic Play Progres	ssion
Toddler Room	Creative and Preschool	Artistic Play Progres Reception	ssion Vocabulary
Toddler Room 2-3			
	Preschool		
2-3	Preschool 3-4	Reception	Vocabulary
2-3 Uses glue to attempt to stick	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten	Reception Plans how they will fasten things	Vocabulary Core
2-3 Uses glue to attempt to stick but may not be secure.	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten thicker materials	Reception Plans how they will fasten things together	Vocabulary Core Names of materials and equipment,
2-3Uses glue to attempt to stick but may not be secure.Able to use glue to fasten	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten thicker materials together.	Reception Plans how they will fasten things together • Checks that fastening is	Core Names of materials and equipment, such as card, paper, glue, scissors,
 2-3 Uses glue to attempt to stick but may not be secure. Able to use glue to fasten paper/ thin resources 	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten thicker materials together. • Able to use tape to join 2	Reception Plans how they will fasten things together Checks that fastening is secure.	Core Names of materials and equipment, such as card, paper, glue, scissors, paint, paintbrush
 2-3 Uses glue to attempt to stick but may not be secure. Able to use glue to fasten paper/ thin resources together. Sticks objects randomly onto paper/card. 	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten thicker materials together. • Able to use tape to join 2 pieces of card/paper.	Reception Plans how they will fasten things together • Checks that fastening is secure. • Selects media to achieve	Core Names of materials and equipment, such as card, paper, glue, scissors, paint, paintbrush Colour names Mix, make
 Uses glue to attempt to stick but may not be secure. Able to use glue to fasten paper/ thin resources together. Sticks objects randomly onto 	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten thicker materials together. • Able to use tape to join 2 pieces of card/paper. • Uses scissors to cut tape.	Reception Plans how they will fasten things together • Checks that fastening is secure. • Selects media to achieve desired effect.	Core Names of materials and equipment, such as card, paper, glue, scissors, paint, paintbrush Colour names Mix, make Light, lighter, dark, darker
 2-3 Uses glue to attempt to stick but may not be secure. Able to use glue to fasten paper/ thin resources together. Sticks objects randomly onto paper/card. 	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten thicker materials together. • Able to use tape to join 2 pieces of card/paper. • Uses scissors to cut tape. • Sticks carefully selected items	Reception Plans how they will fasten things together • Checks that fastening is secure. • Selects media to achieve desired effect. • Make decisions about what	Core Names of materials and equipment, such as card, paper, glue, scissors, paint, paintbrush Colour names Mix, make Light, lighter, dark, darker Join, cover, fold,
 Uses glue to attempt to stick but may not be secure. Able to use glue to fasten paper/ thin resources together. Sticks objects randomly onto paper/card. Explores fastening resources 	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten thicker materials together. • Able to use tape to join 2 pieces of card/paper. • Uses scissors to cut tape. • Sticks carefully selected items together to achieve	Reception Plans how they will fasten things together • Checks that fastening is secure. • Selects media to achieve desired effect. • Make decisions about what they will use to stick -	Core Names of materials and equipment, such as card, paper, glue, scissors, paint, paintbrush Colour names Mix, make Light, lighter, dark, darker Join, cover, fold, Cut, snip, stick, sticky Pattern, mark,
2-3 Uses glue to attempt to stick but may not be secure. • Able to use glue to fasten paper/ thin resources together. • Sticks objects randomly onto paper/card. • Explores fastening resources together using available	Preschool 3-4 Able to use glue to fasten thicker materials together. • Able to use tape to join 2 pieces of card/paper. • Uses scissors to cut tape. • Sticks carefully selected items together to achieve desired purpose.	Reception Plans how they will fasten things together • Checks that fastening is secure. • Selects media to achieve desired effect. • Make decisions about what they will use to stick - which will be most effective way	Core Names of materials and equipment, such as card, paper, glue, scissors, paint, paintbrush Colour names Mix, make Light, lighter, dark, darker Join, cover, fold, Cut, snip, stick, sticky Pattern, mark, colour, press

- Explores printing with different objects.
- · Prints randomly on paper.
- Puts printing tool into paint then prints on paper
- Experiments with colour mixing but with no intention to mix a certain colour
- Fastens paper and card together with success.
- Beginning to explore techniques to join thicker materials (e.g. boxes/tubes)
- Uses primary colours to mix secondary colours.
- Explores the properties of colours as they mix.
- Mixes colour for a desired purpose.
- Paints onto chosen printing tool before printing.
 - · Takes time when printing.
- Uses horizontal and vertical brush strokes to paint.
 - Paints a desired picture.
- Gives meaning to the marks that they make

tape/glue to use is.

- Controls brush or glue spatula to spread glue.
- Uses more demanding materials including fabric, card, foil, plastic and wood.
- Able to join with more complex fastenings such as elastic bands, treasury tags, pipe cleaners, paper clips
 - · Uses sellotape dispenser.
 - · Uses single hole punch.
 - · Uses a stapler safely.
- · Can tie a knot in wool/string

Express their thoughts and ideas with paint.

- Observes objects on display when painting and responding with paint.
- Uses a range of movements and brush strokes to paint.
- Prints to create patterns and pictures.
- Prints with a range of colours.
- Carefully plans where they will print and what they will print.
- Experiments with different tones and shades.

Positional language words, such as on, next to, inside and under

Extended

Wrap, fix, combine, fasten, connect, build, create, decorate, details Describe, alter, amend, adjust Explore, investigate, trial and error, practice Spread, fill, swirl Dab, shade, tone, smudge, blend, Create, plan, design, method, strategy Texture Imagine, imagination Names of more advanced materials, such as pastels, charcoal

		• Makes choices about what	
		colours they will mix.	
		 Mixes an intended colour for 	
		an intended purpose.	
		 Paints in the style of an artist 	
Resources	Resources	Resources	Key Questions for Practitioners
 Scissors, masking tape, 	· Large and small boxes	• Scissors	What would you like to create?
• PVA glue	 Thick and thin card 	 Hole punch, 	 How do you think you can create it?
· Card	 Paper, tissue paper, crepe 	 Sellotape dispenser 	What colours can you use?
 Paper, tissue paper, crepe 	paper	 Masking tape 	What textures can you feel?
paper	 Bottles, tubes 	 Double-sided tape 	 What materials could you use?
 Boxes, tubes 	• PVA glue	• Stapler	How could you?
· Lollipop sticks, match sticks,	• Glue sticks	• Paper clips	 I wonder how we can make pink for the
pompoms, feathers	• Sellotape	 Treasury tags 	pig.
	• Blu-tack	 Pipe cleaners 	 What would happen if you mixed these
Paint brushes	 Lollipop sticks, match sticks, 	• Elastic bands	colours together?
 Poster paint 	pom	• Glue/ PVA glue	 How could you plan your design?
• Water	poms, feathers, sequins, beads,	 Range of paper/card 	 What could you do to join these pieces
 Palette 	button	 Lollipop sticks, match sticks, 	together?
· Rollers		pom	 Can you add anything else to your picture/
	Different sized paint brushes	poms, feathers, sequins, beads,	model?
	Powder paintBlock paint	button	 If you made this again, what would you do the same/different?
	• Poster paint	Mixing cards	What did you use to make your model?
	 Mixing cards 	· Paint sample cards.	 Can you tell me about your creation?
	• Water	 Different sized paint brushes 	· How could we show that?
	 Palettes 	• Range of paper	How could you decorate that part?
	· Range of pape	 Choice of working horizontally 	 What else could we try?
		or vertically	 Isthat method working? What could we try
		(easel or table top)	instead?
		 Artwork examples from artists 	 Can you draw a picture/take a photo of
		 Watercolour paints 	your creation?

· How did you?
• Show me how you
· What will you need for?
• I wonder what would happen if
• What do you think about your ?
· How could we show?
 Could we work together to create?
 Tell me what you found out.
• What is your idea