

Parents/Carers Guide to Success for All Phonics



www.fft.org.uk/phonics



# **Success for All Phonics**

A proven systematic synthetic phonics teaching programme, validated in July 2021 by the Department for Education



# Welcome to FFT Success for All Phonics

# We want to share with you:

- The background of the programme
- An overview of Success for All Phonics and what's included
- Ways to help your child at home and in their school



## About FFT

- Our mission is to give all children a solid, full start to literacy and learning to read.
- Success for All and FFT are not-for-profit organisations with 20 years' experience.
- Backed by current research, support schools with literacy and improving educational outcomes.
- Highly effective literacy programmes.

FFT is non-profit organisation which helps schools to improve education outcomes for pupils

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Success for A

# Why does our school need a programme for phonics and early reading?

- In winter 2020, the Department for Education decided it was important that schools used a validated phonics programme
- Phonics Providers had to meet a list of stringent criteria to be 'validated'
- Known as a systematic, synthetic phonics programme, or SSP for short.
- FFT Success for All Phonics was validated by the DfE in July 2021.
- After looking at all programmes available, our school have selected this as our chosen programme.







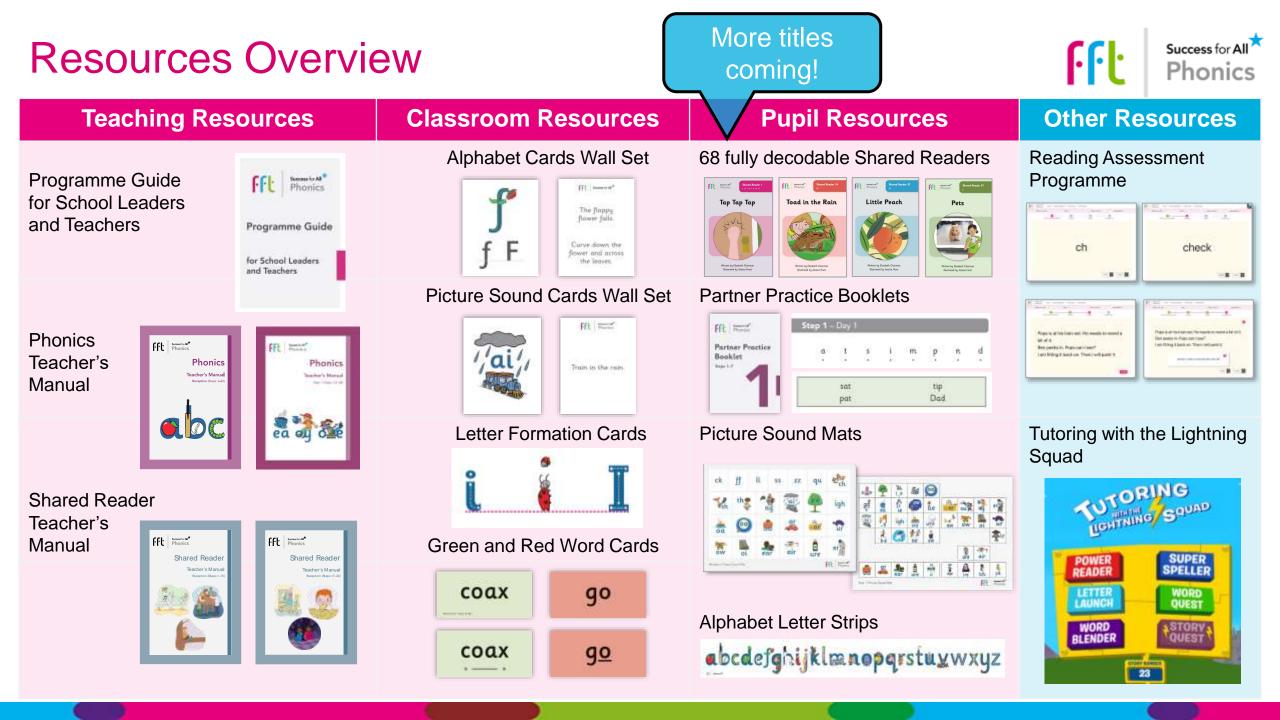


## What is included with Success for All Phonics? **fft**

- Success for All Phonics supports your child to learn all the skills needed to successfully read, write and spell.
- It is part of a wide range of literacy programmes that come from FFT.
- There are lots of engaging resources e.g. flashcards and sound mats to support learning.
- There are also 68 decodable reading books which will be used in class and sent home in either hard copies or digital books.







# What happens in daily lessons?

#### Each day:

- revisit phonemes and graphemes
- consolidate learning before new content is introduced
- orally blend
- segment
- read words and then sentences

#### Also:

- learn the alphabet
- how to write letters in upper and lower case
- write simple words and then sentences

#### Reading:

- daily opportunities to apply their learning into reading
- discussing the text to develop their comprehension skills







	Review Previously Learnt GPCs (5 minutes)		nt GPCs Teach > Practise > Apply New GPCs (15 minutes)						
	Hear Phonemes	Read GPCs	Stretch and Read	Present New GPC	Model Phoneme	Say it Fast	Break it Down	Stretch and Read	Write New Grapheme
Day 1	inmd	satp inmd	sit dim pip dic tap mac		Look what my mouth is doing when I say /g/. My mouth is open and I'm making the sound right back in my throat. If I put my fingers on my throat I can feel the sound.	t-a-p s-a-g d-i-g g-a-s	g-a-p p-i-g n-a-g t-a-g	gap gas dig	Left around the girl, down her plait and curl. 9 3 Gr
Day 2	n m d g	atpi nmdg	did sat sag tip sip gas		Look what my mouth is doing when I say /o/. My mouth is open and my chin drops down slightly.	t-o-p d-i-g p-a-t g-o-t	n-o-d t-i-p g-o-t s-a-d	pot nod mop	From the top of the head and all the way round the octopus.
Day 3	mdgo	tpin mdgo	map dic pat got dog ant		Look what my mouth is doing when I say /c/. I'm making the sound right at the back of my mouth and if I put my hand in front of my mouth, I can feel air coming out.	c-a-t c-a-p c-o-t d-o-g	c-a-n c-o-g m-a-d g-a-p	can cop cat	Curl around the caterpillar.
Day 4	dgoc	pinm dgoc	can pir mad cot sit and	16	This is not a new sound; it is the same sound as 'c', just a different way of writing it.	k-i-d k-i-p d-o-t g-a-s	k-i-t k-i-n s-a-t d-i-d	kid kip kit	From head to toe, arm up, kick out.
Day 5 Review)	gock	inm d gock	kid cot got mop can kit	Review all GPCs pres	ented this week that the children nore practice with.	c-o-g c-a-t g-a-p k-i-t	c-a-n g-o-t d-o-g k-i-p	Review any GPCs and words that the children need more practice with this week (and read PPB1 Day 4 for speed and fluency).	Practise writing all graphemes presented this week, both upper and lower-case, that need review

Success for All<sup>\*</sup> Phonics

Weekly Phonics Lesson Plan



Year 1 – Term 1

Step 36

ie (al, il)

	Review Previously Learnt GPCs (10 minutes)			Teach > Practise > Apply New GPCs (15 minutes)					
	Read GPCs	Stretch and Read	Quick Erase	Present New GPC	Say it Fast	Break it Down	Stretch and Read	Spelling Practice	Write Words and Sentences
Day 1	ear air ure er ay ou	listen vulture freezer Saturday counter metal* Mr can't work class**	cloud → loud → laid → paid → pain → paint → point → joint	Tie your tie.	p-ie l-ie-s d-r-ie-d f-ou-n-d	d-ie I-ou-d s-p-ie-s f-r-ie-d	pie spies supplies	sigh lie high dies tied right	sure pie pound cried staying tries dinner fries
Day 2	ear air ure er ay ou	cured bumper sprayed shouting hospital* April* M <u>rs</u>	clay⇒play⇒ lay⇒lure⇒ lair⇒chair⇒ hair⇒hear	Review the Key Card for the new GPC.	t-ie-s d-ie-d t-r-ie-s p-ou-n-d	p-ie s-p-ie-d c-r-ie-s m-ou-th	dried tries fried	might light spies cries pie dried	'I'm frightened of the thunder and lightning,' she cried.
Day 3	ear air ure er ay ou	avoid stern swaying mountain fossil* sandal*	bam > bum > been > beep > seep > steep > stoop > stool	Review the Key Card for the new GPC.	t-r-ie-s s-t-air d-r-ie-s s-ou-n-d	t-ie-d f-r-ie-s t-r-ou-t s-p-r-ay	fries cried applies	died light flight lies frighten fried	Let's lie on the sand and look at the bright moon and stars.
Day 4	ear air ure er ay ou ie	Children read the words for Day 1 in their PPB for speed and fluency.	clear⇒ clay⇒ lay⇒lie⇒ lied⇒ died⇒ dried⇒ dries	Review any GPCs presented this week that the children need more practice with.	Practise Say it Fast to orally rehearse any words that the children need more practice with this week.	Practise Break it Down to orally rehearse any words that the children need more practice with this week.	Review any words that the children need more practice with this week (including CEWs).	fright dried fries slight supplies tight	Tie your boots up tight so you do not trip.
Day 5	ear air ure er ay ou ie	Children read the words for Day 2 in their PPB for speed and fluency.	year→ dear→ shear→ shore→ tore→ store→ star→ start	Review any GPCs presented this week that the children need more practice with.	Practise Say it Fast to orally rehearse any words that the children need more practice with this week.	Practise Break it Down to orally rehearse any words that the children need more practice with this week.	Review any words that the children need more practice with this week (including CEWs).	night dries cried bright applied lightning	Can you get fries and apple pie?

\* Teaching Point: Explain that 'al' and 'il' are other ways of spelling the /l/ sound. \*\* This may or may not be a Tricky Word according to regional accent.



#### Reception - Term 2

#### Learning Objectives:

Reading: Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. Writing: Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.

	Explore (2m)	Word Time (5m)	Choral Read (10m)	Discussion Time (3m)
Day 1	<ul> <li>Preview</li> <li>How does the world look different when it's raining?</li> <li>Who or what enjoys the rain?</li> <li>Predict</li> <li>What do you think Pip and Hafsa will do in the rain?</li> <li>Record and retain predictions to revisit at the end of the lesson.</li> </ul>	Model Stretching and Reading with Green Words. If required, briefly explore new vocabulary such as 'dims', 'toadflax', 'hints', 'foams' and 'coax'. Select a Green Word with more than one syllable (e.g. 'toadflax') and model the Finger Detective strategy. Teach Red Words by modelling how to decode the phonetically regular parts of the word (if applicable) and identify the 'tricky' grapheme. Then use Say-Spell-Say to spell the entire word. Partners practise Green Words and Red Words together.	Model Fast Blending the words in the first sentence and use Stretch and Read where necessary in the rest of the story. Review using Finger Detective for two- syllable words.	<ul> <li>Prediction Review</li> <li>Did Pip and Hafsa do what you thought they would? Why/Why not?</li> <li>Use Think-Alouds to encourage children to elaborate and extend their answers.</li> </ul>
Day 2	Remember (2m) Review • When did Pip and Hafsa sit under the oak tree? • When did Pip and Hafsa feed the toad? Use Sentence Stem to support children to answer in full sentences.	Word Time (5m) Review Green Words using Stretch and Read and Finger Detective where appropriate. Review Red Words by revisiting how to decode the phonetically regular parts of the word (if applicable) and identify the 'tricky' grapheme. Then use Say-Spell-Say to spell the entire word. Partners practise Green Words and Red Words together.	Partner Read (10m)         Children Partner Read.         If necessary, use these questions to support comprehension.         • How do the different animals react to the rain?         • Did the toad like to eat the same things as Pip and Hafsa?         Review using Finger Detective for two-syllable words.	Discussion Time (3m) Summarise • Who else was under the tree? • What happened when the girls tried to share their food with the toad? Use Think-Alouds to encourage children to elaborate and extend their answers.

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#### Reception – Term 2

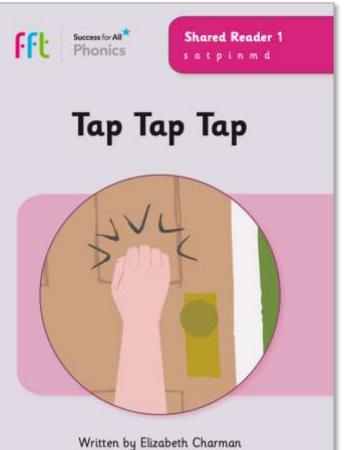
	Review (2m)	Word Time (5m)	Partner Read (10m)	Discussion Time (3m)
Day 3	<ul> <li>What is the weather like in this story?</li> <li>Why is the weather important for what happens next?</li> <li>What do Pip and Hafsa find out about toads?</li> <li>Use Think-Alouds to encourage children to elaborate and extend their answers.</li> </ul>	As appropriate, review Green Words and Red Words. Encourage Fast Blending of Green Words and targeted Red Word practice using Say- Spell-Say where appropriate. Partners practise Green Words and Red Words together.	Children Partner Read the text, reading alternative pages to yesterday. Review using Finger Detective for two-syllable words.	<ul> <li>Did you enjoy the story? Why/Why not?</li> <li>Do you think going out in the rain could be fun? What would make a difference to whether it was fun or not?</li> <li>Use Think-Alouds to encourage children to elaborate and extend their answers.</li> </ul>
	Echo Read (4m)	Spelling Time (8m)	Partner Ques	tion Time (8m)
Day 4	Set a target with the children, e.g. to read the description of the falling rain with expression.	Choose a selection of Green and Red words from the Shared Reader that require consolidation.	Using the first question, model creating a se refer to the text to create a full answer with Q1. Yes, the goat is wet.	elaboration. For example:
	Choose a section from the Shared Reader to model the target skill. Children repeat after you chorally to practise reading fluently.	Partners check each other's work as they write. Check for correct letter formation of upper and lower case.	Children then read and answer the remaining partners. Review answers together as a class.	g questions orally with their
	Reading Celebration (5m)	Writing Time (10m)	Reflection	i Time (5m)
Day 5	Children are given one minute each to read in turn with their partners. Their goal is to read a section of the text as accurately as possible using previously learnt strategies. Celebrate success together and recognise progress. WCPM End of Term 2 Goal: 25	Use the Writing Time process to model the following sentence: The rain foams on the road. Children compose their own sentence orally about the rain before telling their partner and writing it down individually.	Revisit the Learning Objectives for the week discuss their achievements and next steps. Ask children to apply 1–2 new vocabulary we sentence. Note any aspects the children will need to co • GPCs, Red Words, reading word/compr • Fluency/expression, letter formation, se	ords by orally composing a onsolidate next week: ehension



- 68 new decodable Shared Readers, published by FFT
- Shared Readers are linked to our scope and sequence and are used in class for the daily reading lessons (children share a book in pairs)

## Shared Reader 1: Tap Tap Tap





Vritten by Elizabeth Charman Illustrated by Jessica Hunt

Green w	ords		
	a, t, p, i, n, m, d	Ú I	
tap	Sam	dip	
Pip and	sit	nap	
	sip		

Questions	
Can you answer these questions about the st	ory?
1. Did Pip sit?	
2. Did Sam tap?	



## Shared Reader 40: Highland Summer





Written by Elizabeth Charman Illustrated by Jessica Hunt

ractises i	words r, wh	
first	girl	twirls
thirst	birthday	which
bird	Kirstin	when
chirps	skirt	whirl
birch	swirls	whirr
fir	firm	

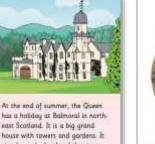
Red w		
revious	red word	
after*		
New red	words	
any	could	many
who		

In the woods you might hear the

chirps of a robin.

Can you answer these questions about the book?

- 1 Where is Balmoral?
- 2 Who visits Balmoral at the end of summer?
- 3. Which bird might you see hunting?
- 4. Which sorts of tree might you see at Balmoral?
- 5. Is Kirsten good at twirling?
- 6. Do you think Balmoral is a good spot to visit?



has a holiday at Balmoral in northeast Scotland. It is a big grand house with towers and gordens. It stands on the banks of the river Dee. Before and after the Queen's holiday, you can visit too.



A bigger wild animal at Balmoral is the stag with his antlers. He roams the hills but at dusk, when he has a thirst, he comes to the river to drink.



At first you might not see the wild animals in the woods. But after a bit, if you are still, a red squirrel might peep out.



high. Look out, mouse!

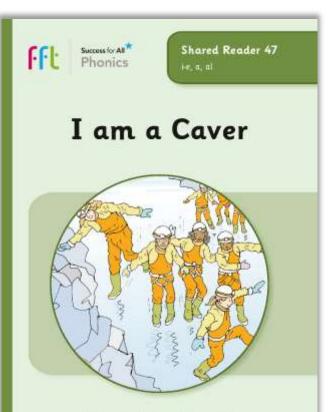
A hunting bird, a kestrel, hovers up



Balmoral's woods have beech, ash and oak trees. And more fir trees than you can count!

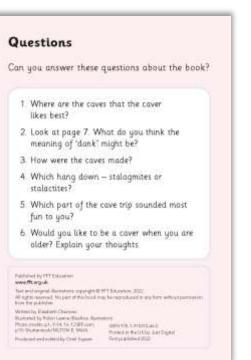
### Shared Reader 47: I am a Caver





Written by Elizabeth Charman Illustrated by Robin Lawrie

	words	
Practises I-	e, a, al	
invited	while	called
hiked	stalactites	small
hillside	stalagmites	talk
inside	walls	always
describe	hall	walk
Red wo	ords	
<b>Red wo</b> Previous re people after*		great
Previous re people	d words through	great





Espend a lat of my time underground. I explore for myself, but not only that. I take people down to vait caves, too



We went inside in a line, single file, down into the complete darkness.

We all stood, still and quest, smalling the dark sit and jeeing the chill from the wells of the tunnet. It's hard to describe how it makes you jeel. It's like you've stepped out of time.



Water can shift soil away and over thousands of years it even corver out the rock itself.



You can see how wate it is, like a great hall. It's one of a string of chambers that we can walk through

# How can I help my child?

- Advice on how to support your child which you can read on our Parent Portal: <u>https://parents.fft.org.uk/tips-for-home-</u> reading/
- Watch videos on the Parent Portal of how to pronounce the GPCs
- Use the alliterative phrases to support your child in practising the GPC
- Practise reading the Shared Readers at home
- Also share other exciting books for pleasure and allow them to hear others read.



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Please note: Each school is deciding how best to use the portal for their pupils and parents.



- Tips to help:
- Know that a GPC is a grapheme phoneme correspondence. That means a sound is matched to one or more written letters: /a/ /ai/ /ay/.
- Saying pure sounds is important
  - some sounds stretch e.g. m, n, r
  - some bounce e.g. b, p.
  - say them softly and say a word that begins with the sound to help.
  - try to avoid a big 'Uh' sound at the end
- Be aware that your child will be learning GPCs each week and applying them to reading and writing.
- The Shared Reader you practise at home with your child will include the focus GPC that they have just learnt that week.
  - They will have also read that Shared Reader in class that week.





## Tips to help:

- Understand that it is important not to rush on with reading books that contain unknown GPCs
- We are embedding and consolidating learning in a systematic and progressive way
- Know that Green words are decodable (you can use phonics to read them)
- Red words are tricky words which means they have parts that are not decodable and need to be memorised.
- Green and red words may be sent home as spellings.
- Reading for pleasure is always welcomed- hearing you read and listening to stories and rhymes is an important part of childhood learning.
- It is however important for children to master phonics as their primary decoding strategy so don't try to push your child on too quickly. Ask your child's class teacher if you are unsure.



first thirst bird chirps birch fir	girl birthday Kirstin skirt swirls firm	twirls which when whirl whirr
Red w		
after*		
20.00		
New red v	vords	

"This word may be tricky depending on regional accent

who



# If I have a question about my child, who **fft** Phonics should I contact?

- Look at the information FFT Success for All Phonics provides to see if that will help you first.
- If you need further information, then contact your child's teacher as they will know your child the best and how the programme is running in your child's school.



# What schools say:

#### **66** Exceeded expectations

FFT Success for All Phonics has exceeded our expectations!

Children are relishing reading, enjoying every minute of their lessons and making amazing progress.

Everything a school could need is included, resources, training and parent support.

Sarah Hopkins KS1 Assistant Headteacher, Cavendish Primary School





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Success for Al

### **66** Improved their reading skills

We've been really impressed! The Shared Readers are a real success; the children are so eager to read them each week! The vocabulary has excited them and improved their reading skills.

#### O Isabel Stewart

Foundation Lead, St John the Evangelist CofE Infant and Nursery School

# What is Ofsted saying?

"Well-structured phonics lessons help pupils to develop their phonics knowledge."

"Classroom visits to Reception and Years 1 and 2 showed pupils **enjoying their phonics lessons**."

"Pupils show a genuine love of reading."

"They have put in place a **well-planned phonics programme** and trained all classroom staff to deliver it."





